





<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCE - BK D 0290</b>	
Physical and chemical properties			
<b>1.2.2.2</b>	<b>Shade N / Filter category</b>		
	<i>N</i> for mean thickness <i>d</i> = mm ( <i>t</i> <sub>VD65</sub> = %)		◇
	<i>N</i> for mean thickness <i>d</i> = mm ( <i>t</i> <sub>VD65</sub> = %)		◇
	filter category for nominal transmittance <i>t</i> <sub>VD65</sub> = 89.8 %		0
<b>1.2.3</b>	<b>Special transmittance values in % (<i>d</i> = 2.0 mm)</b>		
<b>1.2.3.1</b>	<b>UV - transmittance</b>	<i>t</i> <sub>UVA</sub>	43.1
		<i>t</i> <sub>SUV</sub>	◇
		<i>t</i> <sub>SUVA</sub>	31.2
		<i>t</i> <sub>SUVB</sub>	< 0.05
<b>1.2.3.2</b>	<b>IR - transmittance</b>	<i>t</i> <sub>SIR</sub>	91
<b>1.2.3.3</b>	<b>Solar blue - light transmittance</b>	<i>t</i> <sub>sb</sub>	◇
<b>1.3</b>	<b>Colour</b>		
<b>1.3.1</b>	<b>Visual evaluation</b>		
	The visual evaluation of the admissible colour differences is to be made by using internal reference samples in transmission mode towards an from the backside illuminated opal screen with uniform luminance. Sample thickness <i>d</i> in mm for the visual colour comparison		90
<b>1.3.2</b>	<b>Colorimetry</b>		
	Chromaticity coordinates	<i>x</i> <sub>10</sub> <i>y</i> <sub>10</sub>	0.314 0.332
Chromaticity coordinates (colour locus) are referred to the Standard Illuminant D <sub>65</sub> according to CIE 10°-observer for the nominal transmittance <i>t</i> <sub>VD65</sub> = 89.8 % (refer to 1.2.2.1)			
<b>1.3.3</b>	<b>Signal recognition</b>		
	Relative visual attenuation coefficient <i>Q</i> for signal lights referred to the nominal transmittance <i>t</i> <sub>VD65</sub> = 89.8 % (refer to 1.2.2.1)	<i>Q</i> <sub>blue</sub>	1.00
		<i>Q</i> <sub>green</sub>	1.00
		<i>Q</i> <sub>yellow</sub>	1.00
		<i>Q</i> <sub>red</sub>	1.00
<b>1.3.4</b>	<b>Yellowness index (<i>d</i> = 10 mm)</b>		
		<i>Y</i> <sub>i</sub>	2.0

Form 0050/6B

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCE - BK</b>
Physical and chemical properties		<b>D 0290</b>
<b>2. Thermal properties</b>		
<b>2.1 Viscosities and corresponding temperatures</b>		
	Viscosity	Temperature
Designation	log <i>h</i> in dPas	<i>J</i> in °C
Strain point	14.5	529
Annealing point	13.0	552
Softening point	7.6	689
Forming temperature	6.0	764
Forming temperature	5.0	827
Forming temperature	4.0	910
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Transformation temperature <i>T<sub>g</sub></i> in °C</b>	555
<b>2.3</b>	<b>Coefficient of mean linear thermal expansion</b> <i>a</i> (20°C-300°C) in 10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> (Static measurement)	9.3
<b>2.4</b>	<b>Fuseability</b>	
Stress-free fusing with lower segments from SCHOTT DESAG, listed in the margin is possible with a maximum birefringence of 70 nm/cm measured 0.5 mm from the fusing area in the major blank.		BS-565 BS-5670 BS-5675 BS-5680
<b>2.5</b>	<b>Mean specific heat capacity <i>c<sub>p</sub></i>(20°C-100°C) in J/(g · K)</b>	◇

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCE - BK D 0290</b>
Physical and chemical properties		
<b>3.</b>	<b>Mechanical properties</b>	
<b>3.1</b>	Density $r$ in g/cm <sup>3</sup>	2.67
<b>3.2</b>	Stress optical coefficient $C$ in $1.02 \times 10^{-12}$ m <sup>2</sup> /N	2.59
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Breaking strength</b> A higher mechanical strength can be realized by chemical toughening according to the ion exchange procedure (refer to annex 3.3.1) or by thermal toughening.	
<b>3.3.1</b>	<b>Chemical toughening</b>	
	Processing temperature $J$ in °C	450
	Processing time $t$ in h	16
	Compressive stress $D_s$ as birefringence in nm/cm	4780
	Penetration depth $N_z$ up to neutral zone in µm	75
	Further information	see annex
<b>3.3.2</b>	<b>Thermal toughening</b>	
	Recommended minimum thickness $d$ in mm for toughened safety glass lenses without corrective effect as per ball drop test (DIN EN 168)	2.5
<b>3.4</b>	Young's modulus $E$ in kN/mm <sup>2</sup>	86
<b>3.5</b>	Poisson's ratio $m$	0.240
<b>3.6</b>	Torsion modulus $G$ in kN/mm <sup>2</sup>	34
<b>3.7</b>	Knoop hardness $HK_{100}$	600

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCE - BK</b>					
Physical and chemical properties		<b>D 0290</b>					
<b>4.</b>	<b>Chemical properties</b>						
<b>4.1</b>	<b>Hydrolytic resistance acc. to DIN ISO 719</b>						
					Hydrolytic class	HGB 3	
					Equivalent of alkali (Na <sub>2</sub> O) per gram of glass grains in µg/g	200	
<b>4.2</b>	<b>Acid resistance acc. to DIN 12 116</b>						
					Acid class	3	
					Half surface weight loss after 6 hours in mg/dm <sup>2</sup>	7.5	
<b>4.3</b>	<b>Alkali resistance acc. to DIN ISO 695</b>						
					Class	A 2	
					Surface weight loss after 3 hours in mg/dm <sup>2</sup>	112	
<b>5.</b>	<b>Electrical properties</b>						disregard
<b>6.</b>	<b>Other properties</b>						
<b>6.1</b>	<b>Minimum value of internal transmittance for <i>d</i> = 25 mm</b>						
	<i>l</i> in nm	400	450	500	560	600	700
	<i>t</i> in %	82.7	93.0	97.1	98.7	98.7	98.7
<b>7.</b>	<b>Annex (diagrams, curves)</b>						

**Specification**

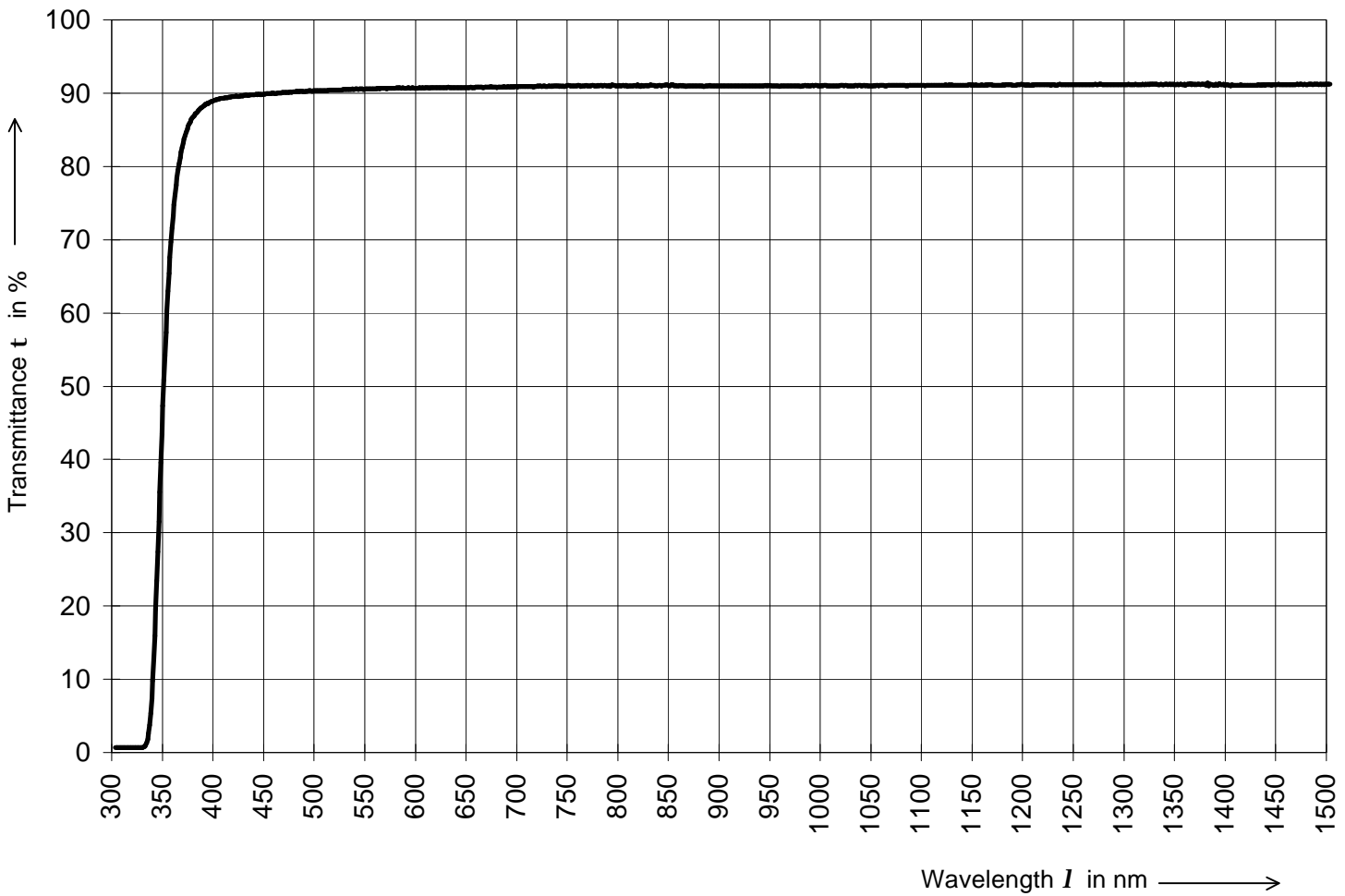
Physical and chemical properties

**PCE - BK**  
**D 0290**

**Spectral Transmittance**

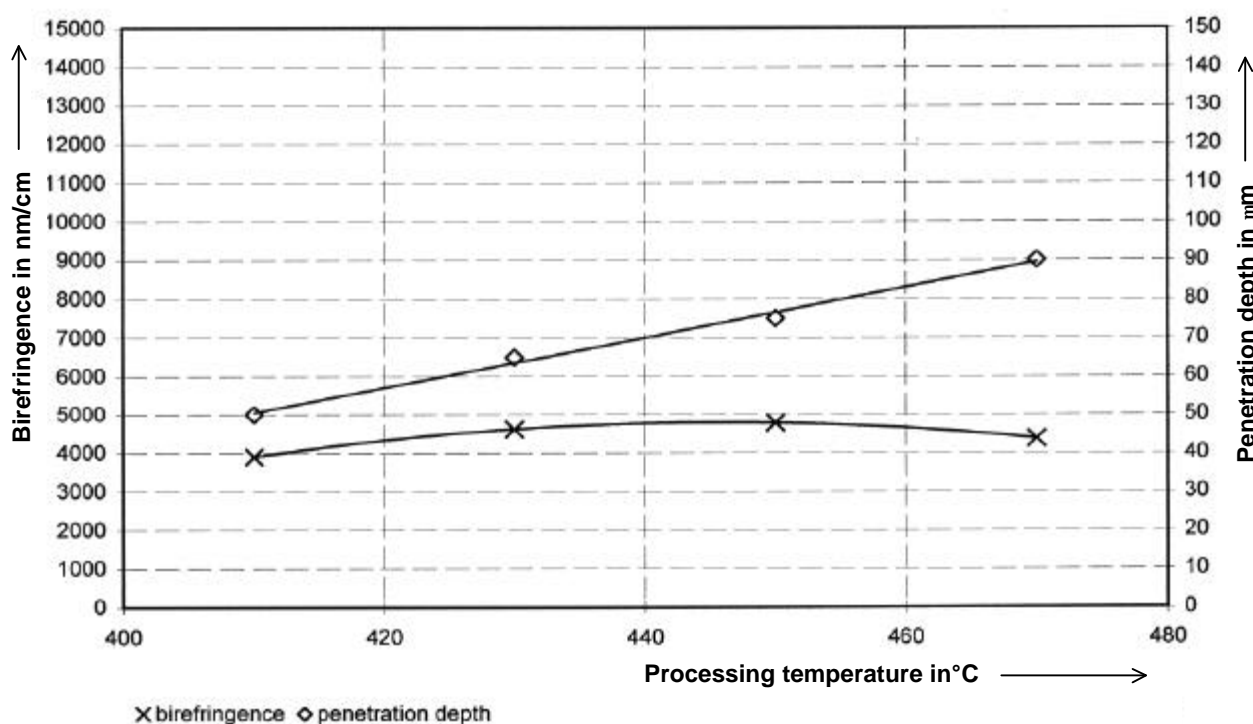
**Type of Glass: HC-Weiß 0290**

Thickness: 2.00 mm



Annex 3.3.1

<b>Specification</b>		<b>PCE - BK</b>	
Physical and chemical properties		<b>D 0290</b>	
<b>Chemical toughening parameter</b>			
<b>Glass and chemical toughening parameters</b>			
<b>Transformation temperature</b>	°C	555	
<b>Glass thickness</b>	mm	2	
<b>Processing time</b>	h	16	
<b>Processing temperature</b>	°C	450	
<b>Salt bath (* weight percentages)</b>	KNO <sub>3</sub> in % *	59.5	
	NaNO <sub>3</sub> in % *	40.0	
	SiO <sub>2</sub> x H <sub>2</sub> O in % *	0.5	
<b>Chemical toughening results *</b>			
<b>Penetration depth</b>	µm	75	
<b>Birefringence</b>	nm/cm	4780	
* measured across at a sample piece ground down to 0.3 mm ± 0.05 mm			
<b>Ball drop test acc. FDA</b>	% failed	not carried out	
<b>Ball drop test acc. DIN</b>	% failed	not carried out	



Form 0050/6B